

# Xenon Assurance Modifications to Xen Code

---

John McDermott, Naval Research Lab

# Prologue: Security

- \* Strength of mechanism - any conceptual flaws?
- \* Assurance - any construction flaws?

# Prologue: Security

- \* Security is always defined with respect to a threat model.
- \* A threat model has
  - \* threat
  - \* threat actor
    - \* capability
    - \* initial access
    - \* initial knowledge





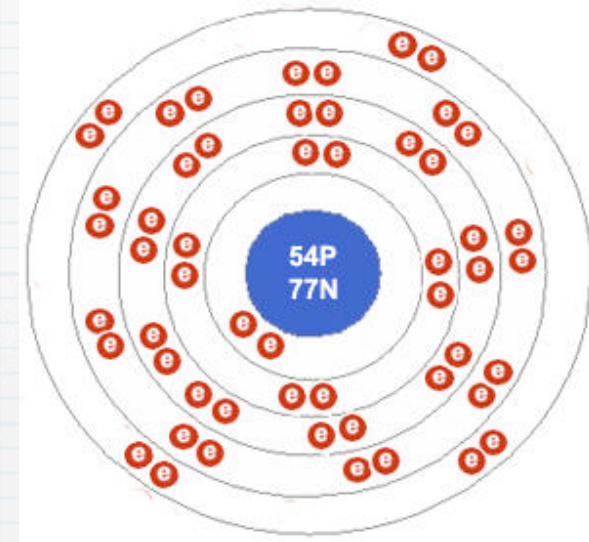
# The Xenon Project

## \* Project Goals:

- \* What happens when you try to develop high assurance open source?
- \* Can you build a “separation kernel” that supports unmodified uninterpreted off-the-shelf software, on commodity hardware (e.g. x86\_64 with APIC)?

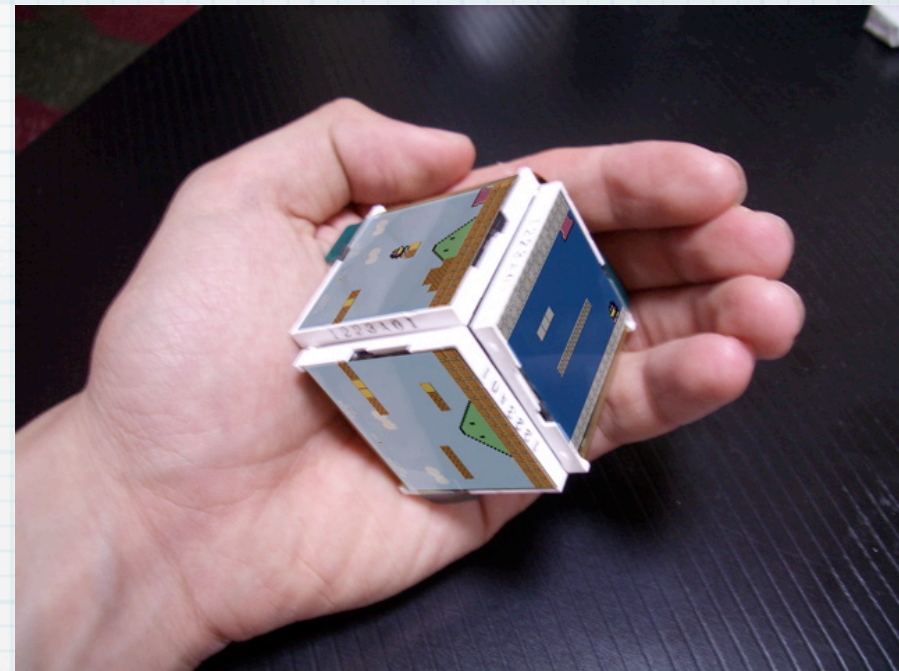
# Xenon

- \* A “separation hypervisor”
- \* Not a separation kernel
- \* Not a “secure” replacement for Xen
- \* A new security-oriented product for specialized use
- \* See the Apr. '07 slides at [www.xen.org/xensummit](http://www.xen.org/xensummit)



# The Xenon Prototype

- \* Based on 3.1
- \* Some features removed
- \* Only supports x86\_64
- \* Refactored code
- \* Evidence package





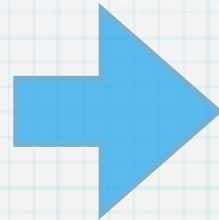
# Simplicity

- \* McCabe cyclomatic complexity
- \* Halstead effort (sanity check)
- \* Size (sanity check)
- \* Xen 3.1 has approx. 3810 C functions
- \* Approx. 200 will have to be re-factored
- \* x86\_emulate.c ?



# Simplicity: `_evtchn_close`

\* `_evtchn_close` - 34



\* `_evtchn_close` - 3

\* `_finish` - 5

\* `_chk_state` - 3

\* `_state_INTERDOMAIN` - 17

\* `_state_VIRQ` - 3

\* `_state_PIRQ` - 2

\* `_get_port` - 6

\* `_try_again` - 3

\* `_init_state` - 1



# Modularity (cohesion)

Xen

PageAlloc

Xenon

PageAlloc

Map

XenHeap

Config

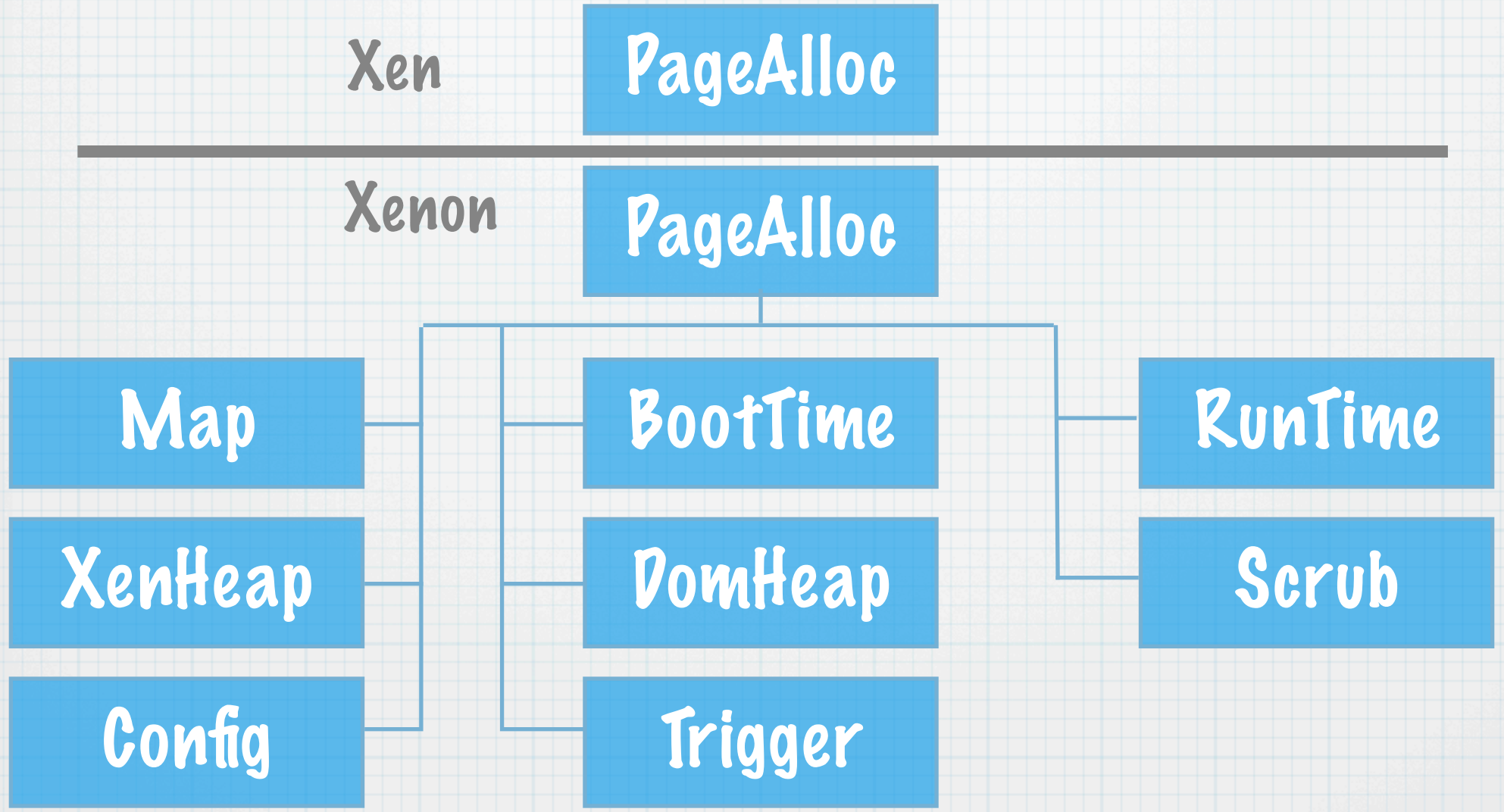
BootTime

DomHeap

Trigger

RunTime

Scrub



# Encapsulating Global Data

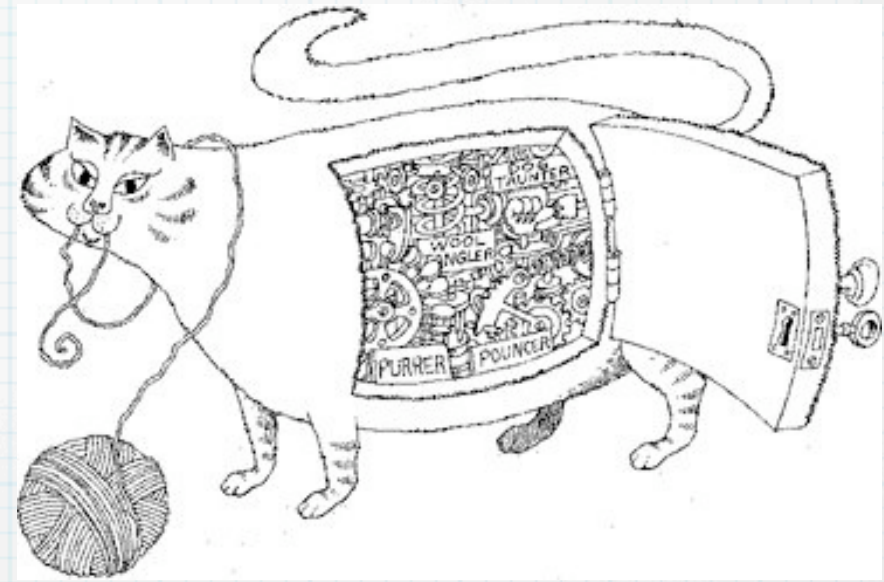
- \* No global data allowed, e.g.

- \* `v->vcpu_id`

- \* Information hiding instead, e.g.

- \* loose: `#define vcpu_id(v)`

- \* strict: `static inline int vcpu_id`



# Strict encapsulation of vcpu: schedule.c

- \* `get/set_vcpu_id`
- \* larger but just as fast
- \* object size: **158744b** vs. **157240b**
- \* sort test: **0.121s** vs. **0.122s**
- \* search test: **0.836s** vs. **0.854s**





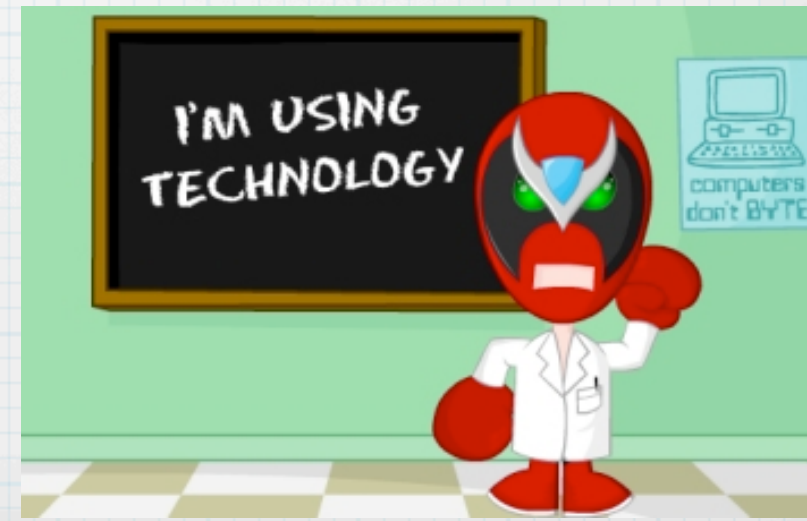
# Xenon Construction Guidelines

- \* comments
- \* PDL files
- \* readme files
- \* tool-based formatting
- \* complexity, modularity, abstraction limits
- \* logical completeness
- \* coding practices



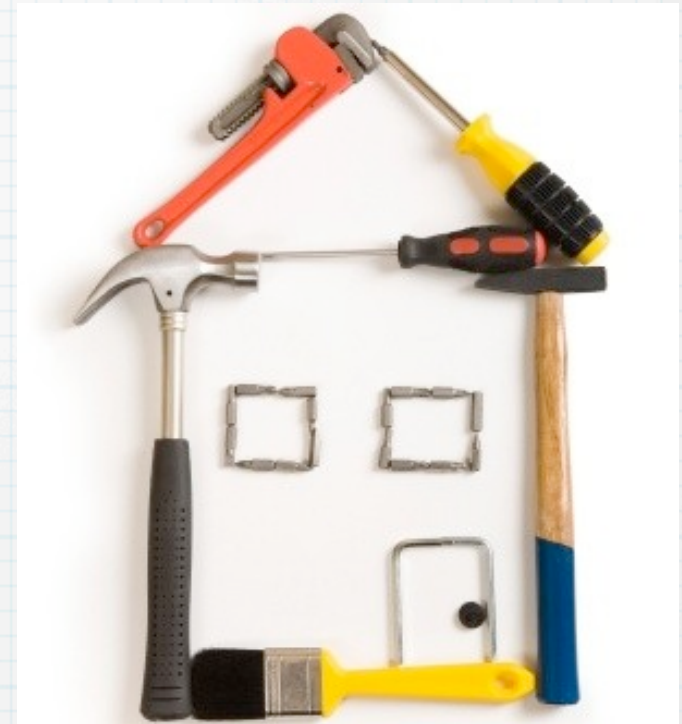
# Guidelines: Comments

- \* minimal
- \* don't comment anything that could be understood in a first reading of the source
- \* assume the reader has a modern, program-slicing based source code browser, e.g. CodeSurfer



# Guidelines: PDL

- \* each source or header file has a companion Pseudocode Design Language file, e.g.  
`dom_event_channel.c.pdl`
- \* explains the **intent** of each line of code
- \* does not explain coding, algorithms or data structures
- \* see McConnell's Code Complete, 2nd ed.





# Guidelines: readme file

- \* each source, header, and assembler file has a companion "readme" file.
- \* everything not covered by the .pdl file
  - \* todo's,
  - \* data structures (e.g. event channel buckets) and algorithms,
  - \* coding techniques (e.g. **container\_of**)
  - \* workarounds, etc...



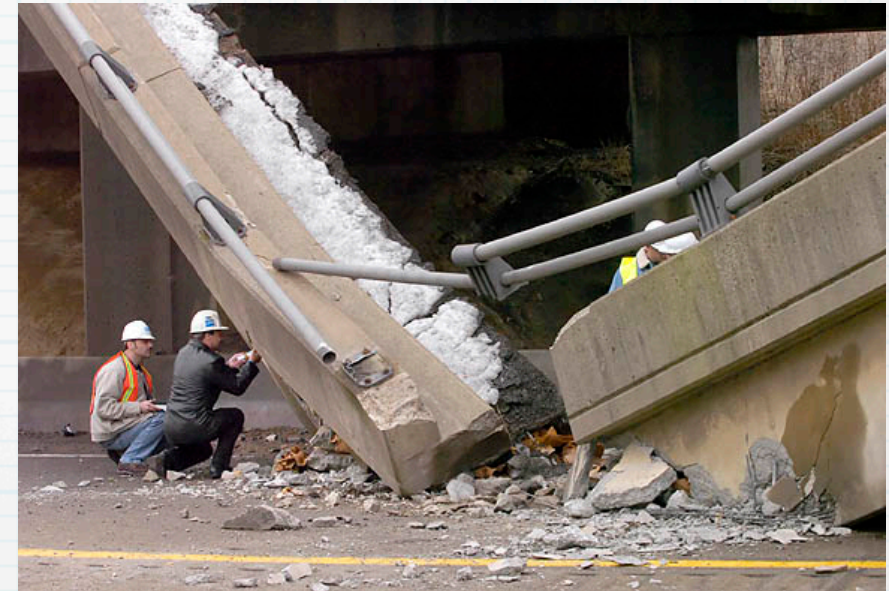
# Guidelines: formatting

- \* all files formatted by a tool
- \* public Xenon format is defined as GNU indent
- \* `indent -kr -nut -i8 -l128 file.c`
- \* everyone can re-format to their preferred style for local work



# Guidelines: structural limits

- \* complexity, modularity, and abstraction limits
- \* examples shown in earlier slides
- \* departures from these limits explained in the .readme file, i.e. the code is more complex, less modular on purpose



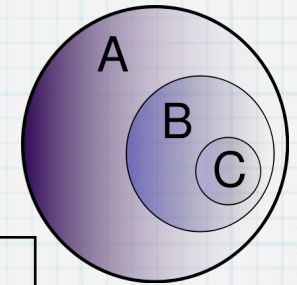


# Guidelines: logical completeness

- \* suppose code has conditions  $(x < y)$  and  $(v \rightarrow \text{task})$
- \* what about  $(x \geq y)$  and  $(v \rightarrow \text{task} == \text{NULL})$ ?
- \* should be dealt with in the code, covered by an assertion, or explained in the .readme file



# Guidelines: coding practices



- \* how to avoid high-risk or low-assurance C coding techniques?
- \* could have used a safe subset of C, e.g. MISRA C,
- \* subsets can be “noisy” and irritating
- \* instead, adopt 18 high-assurance coding rules, mostly from Les Hatton

# More Information

- \* email: [john.mcdermott@nrl.navy.mil](mailto:john.mcdermott@nrl.navy.mil)  
(Xenon)
- \* <http://www.grammatech.com>  
(CodeSurfer)
- \* Steve McConnell, Code Complete, 2d ed.  
ISBN 0-7356-1967-0 (PDF)
- \* [http://www.leshatton.org/ISOC\\_subset1103.html](http://www.leshatton.org/ISOC_subset1103.html) (Coding Practices)